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# North-Carolina Standard

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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by the year, free of charge. to the Editor, can do so at all times, by mail, andathis risk. Receipts for all sams will be promptly transmitted. Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

## The Standard.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1855.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS.

The candidates for Congress in the First District in this State, composed of the Counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimons, Gates, Chowan, Hertford, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, and Tyrrel, are Hou. H. M. Shaw, the late representative, and Democrat, and Col. R. T. Paine, Federalist and Know Nothing. We understand Dr. Shaw's prospects of re-election are excellent. He has the full and enthusiastic confidence of his party, and will be sustained by many highminded Whigs in opposition to the dark-lantern candidate. His competitor, Col. Paine, is deficient

in personal popularity, and not the equal of Dr. Shaw in debate. Two of the strongest men of the Whig party in the District were overlooked, to make place for him, to wit, Mr. Barnes, of Northampton, and Mr. Smith, of Hertford-the latter having been but for a brief period in public life; but this furnishes another proof that the new party, though it preaches the doctrine of excluding from office old party hacks, seldom fails to bring them forward as candidates, thus palpably contradicting, in this case as in others, the solemn professions which it makes In the Second District, composed of the Counties

of Hyde, Beaufort, Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Wayne, Greene, Edgecombe, Onslow, and Carteret, the Hon. Thomas Ruffin, Democrat, and the late member, has been nominated for re-election by acclamation. He has thus far no opposition, and will no doubt be triumphantly returned. In the Third District, composed of the Counties

of New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Cumberland, Robeson, Duplin, and Richmond, the Hon. Warren Winslow is the Democratic candidate; and is opposed by David Reid, Esq., Know Nothing. We hear that Gov. Winslow is maintaining his principles with signal ability before the people; and his election, by a commanding majority, may be set down as certain. His opponent, Mr. Reid, was formerly a Democrat; but he has been for years a restless office-seeker, and now and then a disorganizer. Owing to this fact, though a gentleman of talents, he has never been able to acquire the entire confidence of the party in any County in which he has lived; and he has tried his fortunes in Cumberland, New Hanover, and Duplin. He was defeated in Duplin in the last contest for the Commons, and that too though the County is largely Democratic, and has never elected a Whig. He desired to be made a Superior Court Judge at the last session of the Legislature, but failed in his aspirations. Soured and disappointed, he has joined the Whigs and dark-lanterns; and he is now engaged in the forlorn and thankless business of aiding his former enemies, and in opposing the nominee of the party to which he even yet, we learn, professes to belong. His professions are worthless. The people will rend the veil from the "invisible," and he will find himself on the first Thursday in August overwhelmingly defeated, and consigned to political silence and retirement. He richly deserves it.

In the Fourth District, composed of the Counties of Wake, Franklin, Warren, Granville, Orange, Nash, and Johnston, L. O'B. Branch, Esq., is the Democratic candidate; and he is opposed by James B. Shepard, Esq., Know Nothing. Mr. Branch is now actively engaged in the canvass, and is arousing the party and producing a fine impression wherever he goes. The Democratic majority in the District is about 2,500. He will unite the entire party, and will also receive the votes of many anti-Know Nothing Whigs. Mr. Shepard's political history is somewhat similar to that of Mr. Reid's. He has been honored by his party to an extent quite commensurate with his services and merits; but his ambition and his selfishness got the mastery of his judgment, and in 1852 he began to disorganize; and by his influence-the vote being very close-he defeated in the Legislature the nominee of his party for the United States Senate. Professing to be a Democrat, and to be desirous of the success of the principles of the party, he has done nothing for it, so far as we know, by either word or pen, for the last six or seven years; and indeed, we believe he has not been, at any time during this period, a public man, except when he had hopes of promotion at the hands of his party. Quite willing to work for himself, he has done nothing for years for his party friends, or for the principles he professed. It is believed, and can, we understand, be shown that he desired the nomination of the Democratic Convention at Franklinton; and it is well known that he has never publicly disavowed or disapproved the action of Mr. Burch in presenting his name to the Wake Democratic Meeting, as a fit person to be nominated by the Convention referred to. He is now a Know Nothing, and not a Democrat. His defeat is certain by a large majority.

In the Fifth District, composed of the Counties of Person, Caswell, Alamance, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Moore, and Montgomery, the candidates are the Hon. John Kerr, Whig and anti Know Noth-

ing, and Edwin G. Reade, Esq., Federalist and Know Nothing. The District is largely Whig. Mr. Kerr was the representative in the last Congress. He voted for the Nebraska-Kansas bill-that is, to open the common territories of the Union to the slaveholders of the South; and he is opposed to bigotry, intolerance, and to secret political organizations. He is exposing the abolition influences by which the Know Nothing organization is controlled in the free States, and warning his friends and constituents to resist the spread of the dark lanterns in their midst. He has been distinguished for years as an active Whig leader, and was the candidate of his party for Govenor in 1852. In that campaign, as well as previously, he avowed himself an ultra Union man; and was quite severe in his allusions to those who hold States rights doctrines. He went to Washington, and observed for himself the rapid strides which abolitionism was making. He witnessed and felt as a man the insolence and injustice which characterize the vile horde of freesoilers and abolitionists; and he at length spoke out for his section and his constituents in tones of thunder, rebuking our assailants, and declaring that there could be no Union without the Constitution. He perceived for himself that Know Nothingism, or fusion, or new organizations in the free States were but other names for abolitionism; and that under this garb the enemies of the South were advancing with sure and steady steps to the consummation of their fell designs. He returned home, and, as we have stated, raised his voice of warning; and though the Know Nothings, nine-tenths of whom are Whigs, profess to deprecate the existence of party, and to inculcate a spirit of independence in public men, yet he is to be stricken down by these same men, notwithstanding his repeated declarations that he is as good a Whig as he ever was, and because he has dared, on questions above and beyond party, to think for himself! We took occasion, long before this contest commenced, to commend both Mr. Kerr and Mr. Badger for their manly and patriotic course on the Nebraska-Kansas question; and we have nothing to add or to withdraw in this respect. The Editors of this journal have had no personal intercourse or correspondence with Mr. Kerr for years-their per sonal feelings cannot be supposed to be enlisted in his favor; and the inference, therefore, is that they are prepared calmly to do justice to him as a public man, and to his opponent, Mr. Reade. The princioal Editor well remembers that in 1849, Mr. Kerr addressed to him stirring and eloquent letters in favor of every just effort that could be made to secure the charter of the North-Carolina Railroad, and thus ensure to the people the benefits and blessings of that great work; yet it seems that Mr. Kerr's disinterested exertions at that time, in behalf of the citizens of Guilfford, are to be forgotten, provided the Federal, Know Nothing Clique at Greensborough should be permitted to carry out their purposes of rengeance and proscription against him.

In the Sixth District, composed of the Counties of Stokes, Forsythe, Rockingham, Davidson, Davie, Yadkin, Surry, Iredell, Alexander and Ashe, the candidates are Alfred M. Scales, Jr., Esq., Democrat, and Hon. R. C. Puryear, Whig and Know Nothing. Mr. Puryear voted, in the last Congress, against the Nebraska-Kansas bill-in other words, against the right of his constituents to go with their slave property to these territories; and he now comes forward and asks that this vote be endorsed by a slaveholding people! He is also identified with the Know Nothing faction. We learn that Mr. Scales has already met him on the stump, and that he (Mr. Puryear) is evidently shivering in the wind between old Whiggery and the new order of the dark-lanterns. He wants the votes of both. Mr. Scales is winning golden opinions by his ability and eloquence before the people; he charges home with great effect upon the secret, oath bound faction, and relies for his success upon the Democrats and upon those high-toned, independent Whigs who scorn to bow down in darkness to Know Nothing edicts. We call upon our friends in these Counties to rouse themselves to the good work-to organize thoroughly-to induce those few Democrats who have been seduced into the dark-lantern, to come out -to meet the enemy at every point, with an ardor and firmness which will take nothing less than a proud triumph for their candidate. A full Democratic vote in all the Counties, with the aid of the Whigs referred to, will ensure the victory.

In the Seventh District, composed of the Counties of Catawba, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Anson, Stanly, and Cleaveland, the Hon. Burton Craige, the late member, is the Democratic candidate; and he is opposed, we learn, by Col. S. N. Stowe, Know Nothing. Mr. Craige served his constituents with much acceptability in the late Congress, and enjoys their entire and enthusiastic confidence. All the indications warrant the opinion that he will be re-elected by an increased majority. Col. Stowe, it is presumed, will not encounter him on the stump; but if he should, he must be overwhelmed. No District in the State ever had an abler, a more fearless or faithful representative than Burton Craige.

In the Eighth Distrist, composed of the Counties of Wilkes, Watauga, Caldwell, Burke, Rutherford, McDowell, Henderson, Buncombe, Yancey, Haywood, Macon, Cherokee, Jackson and Madison, the candidates are Hon. Thomas L. Clingman, the late member, Democrat, and L. B. Carmichael, Esq., fed eralist and Know Nothing. Mr. Clingman is prosecuting the campaign with great power, and has every prospect of being re-elected by a larger majority than that he obtained over Col. Gaither. His fidelity to his constituents-his devotion to the Constitution and to the rights of his section, which he has maintained with boldness and ardor under all circounstances, and his scorn for all secret and unmanly political movements, have given him a hold upor the affections of the free people of the mountains, which can never be affected either by the Raleigh Whig Clique or by the midnight cabals of the dark lanterns. The atmosphere of the mountains in his District is the very breath of liberty and independ ent thought; and the dwellers there, filled with the spirit of the heroes who fought and conquered at King's Mountain, and undwarfed by the mysteries of midnight, oath-bound lodges, will act for themselves, now as in times past, no man daring to dictate to or control them. It is their pleasure that Mr. Clingman should be re-elected, and he will be. Mr. Carmichael has taken the field; but much of his time must be occupied in making himself known to the people personally, and in apologizing for his

vote in the Legislature against Free Suffrage. Mr.

Carmichael, Mr. Rayner, Mr. Haughton, Mr. Cherry, Mr. Gilmer, and other Know Nothing champions, are not only in favor, it seems, of requiring a person foreign born to reside in this State twenty-one years before he can hold property and vote; but they are opposed, as their votes will show, to allowing our own native born citizens to vote for Senators unless they happen to own each fifty acres of land! They would proscribe, not only the foreigner, but nativesthey would mark forty thousand citizens in their own State as unfit to vote for Senators, because they do not own a certain quantity of land; and yet they talk about their regard for the rights of the people, and their devotion to the native population of the country!

The chances are now, we think, that every Know Nothing candidate for Congress in the State will be defeated. What a glorious result it would be, if old North Carolina should send to Washington, with her two able Democratic Senators, an entire delegation opposed to the schemes of the dark-lanterns, and ready to demand and insist as one man upon her Constitutional rights! To work, friends, and let this result be accomplished. The next Congress will be the most important one to the Southern people that ever assembled; and it is the duty of every friend of the Constitution, of every Democrat, of every one opposed to religious tests for office and to proscribing and branding with disgrace any portion of our people, because they happened to be born in Europe. to take an active part in the approaching elections. Our adversaries are drilled in secret, and they will bring sworn men into the field against us, ready to go to any lengths to accomplish their designs. Let us organize in public, and, meet them in public; let us strip the veil of deception, of treachery, of hypocrisy from them, so that the people may see them as they are and pronounce accordingly.

#### MR. BRANCH.

Mr. Branch, the Democratic candidate for Congress in this District, addressed the people at Louisburg on Tuesday last, and was replied to by Mr. Shepard, the Know Nothing candidate. Mr. Branch spoke at Prattsburg, Orange, on Thursday, at Hillsborough on Friday; and he will speake at Mangum's Store, Orange, on Saturday the 16th, and at Laws', Wake, on Tuesday the 19th. On the 20th the regular appointments of the two candidates will com-

We learn that Mr. Branch delivered a very able speech at Louisburg; and that Mr. Shepard's reply was pretty much the same speech he made in this place-feeble, in many respects indefinite, and more or less interlarded with appeals to the prejudices, the fears, and the passions of the people. A friend has furnished us with a synopsis of Mr. Branch's remarks, which shall appear in our next.

The Democrats of Franklin are in high spirits, and will, we learn, poll their full strength. Mr. Shepard cannot, it is believed, command the full Whig vote of the county.

MR. RUFFIN'S APPOINTMENTS. Hon. Thomas Ruffin, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Second District, will address the people at the following times and places:

Washington, Beaufort Co., Monday June 18th Sladesville, Hyde Co., Wednesday Lake Landing, Hyde Co., Friday Chocowinity, Beaufort Co., Monday " 26th Greenville, Pitt Co., Tuesday Ballard's Store, Pitt Co., Wednesday Joyner's Depot, Edgecombe Co., Satd'y " 30th Kinston, Lenoir Co., Tuesday

### SIXTH DISTRICT.

We are requested to state that Messrs. Scales and Puryear, candidates for Congress in the Sixth District, will address the people at the following times

Winston, Forsyth, Hausertown, Spainhour's, Stokes, Tom's Creek, Surry, Mount Airy, Dobson, Joseph Cockerham's, Jonesville, Yadkin, July 2 Hamptonville,

The Register and its Correspondents are endeavoring to produce the impression that the Democratic Club of this City holds its meetings in secret. They do not charge this directly, but, like real Know Nothings-the breath of whose nostrils is deceit and evasion-they insinuate it. The Democrats and anti-Know Nothings meet in the Court House, with open doors and lights burning. No oath, depriving men of the exercise of their own will or of free thought, is required as a preliminary to admission; but all are invited to come, and observe, and hear. The meetings are held at night. because mechanics and laboring and business men generally can more conveniently spare the time to attend in the night than in the day.

The Hillsborough Recorder is also very much exercised in spirit, because the Democratic meetings here are held at night; and that paper, printed some thirty-five miles away, states that the candles in the Court House "had nearly given out when Mr. Branch concluded, and all would have been in darkness had not the Know Nothings taken the precaution to furnish other candles and keep up the light." This is not so. Some of the Know Nothings may have had dark-lanterns in their pockets, ready to be used as the emergency might require; but nothing of the sort referred to by the Recorder occurred. Has the Recorder heard the rumor that the Know Nothngs are so much opposed to the use of sperm oil in their dark-lanterns, because it is a "foreign" article. that they are making preparations for a substitute in the way of catfish oil? They despair, we understand, of growing whales in "American" waters in sufficient numbers to meet the "American" demand for sperm oil; and so they intend to resort to the native catfish. We congratulate the order upon this new movement. The catfish, aside from the fact that its oil is a native production, is a much better symbol of the Order than the whale; for it lies about in dark places, uses its horn to annov and injure when least expected, and delights in muddy

Our thanks for a capital likeness of Prof. Hubbard, of the University. The engraving was prepared from a daguerreotype, by direction of some of his friends, and a few copies, we are requested to state, may be obtained at the Bookstore of Mr. Pomeroy in this City.

#### CORRESPONDENCE.

RALEIGH, June 9, 1855. To Mr. JOHN M. PUTTICK: DEAR SIR :- At a meeting of the committee of the Citizens and Military, we were appointed a Special Committee for the purpose of procuring on Orator for the approaching anniversary of American independence, and you sir, were unanimously selected as the Orator for the occasion, which we trust you will do us the honor to accept.

Respectfully, LEO E. HEARTT HENRY PORTER Com. R. S. TUCKER

RALEIGH, June 11th, 1855.

GENTLEMEN: Your polite note, informing me that I had been selected as the Orator for the approaching anniversary of American Independence

was duly received. Were I to consult my own feelings on this occasion, they would prompt me to decline; but, believing that we all should, when called on, lend our aid in commemorating that day, ever to be remembered in our history, I accept the honor your partiality has conferred on me.

With sentiments of high respect, I am your obedient servant, JOHN M. PUTTICK.

To Messrs Heartt, Porter, and Tucker.

L. W. PECK, Chief Marshal.

Programme for Fourth of July.

ASSISTANT MARSHALS, John E. Young, George T. Cooke, Fabius J. Hutchins, John C. Partridge.

A Salute at Day Break. At Sunrise Divine Service at the Presbyterian Church.

At 10 o'clock, A. M., a Procession will be formed at the Court House, and march to the Capitol Square, in the following order: Marshal.

Oak City Guards. Independent Guards. Sons of Temperance. Citizens and Strangers. Officers and Soldiers of the Revolution and Mexican

Wars. Intendant and Commissioners of the City. Committee of Arrangements. Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Governor and State Officers. Orator, Reader and Chaplain. At night, an Illumination and Fire-works, at the Capitol Square; after which a Balloon will be sent

The citizens are respectfully requested to join in

A Corresponent of the Wilmington Journal, givng an account of the late examination of Edgeworth Female Seminary, Greensborough, speaks in the following complimentary terms of the address delivered by Mr. Dick on the occasion:

"The interest and attractiver.ess of these examinations and exercises were increasing and heightening every hour until they reached their climax in the closing proceedings of Thursday night. Previous to the diplomas being conferred on the Senter Classes. an address was delivered to its members by Robt. P. Dick, Esq. It is hardly possible to speak in too high terms of this most beautiful address. From the reputation of the orator as a chaste and elegant writer, as well as graceful speaker, the expectations and anticipations of his large and intelligent audience were very high; but not one was prepared for such a flow of highest thought, couched in clanguage of greatest beauty, that held the hushed multitude in fixed attention as " from his lips there flowed the words, the honey now so sweet." His subject was The Literature of the Bible;" and as with a master's hand he touched upon its historic value-its heaven-born philosophy-its divine legislation-its sublime ethics-he gradually rose with his subject until, with the orator's powers and the poet's fervor, he made every heart beat higher when, in language almost equal to their own, he dwelt upon the rapt melody of Israel's bards, and in a peroration of exceeding beauty, elegance and affection, pressed upon the young ladies the study of the Book of books as that which alone could give the crowning honor to all their studies."

THE SUPREME COURT.—This tribunal convened in this city on Monday last. The following gentlemen have been admitted to practice in the different Coun-

ty Courts in this State, viz: Andrew S. Kemp, Bladen county. Andrew G. Baskin, Rowan county. Jesse J. Yeates, Murfreesborough. David C. Hall, Warrenton. Vine A. Allen, Newbern. John McCabe, Houston, Miss, W. G. Candler, Buncombe. Thomas M. Smith, Milton. Frederick C. Shepard, Raleigh. Eugene Martin,

The following were admitted to practice in the different Superior Courts of the States viz: W. S. Winder, Orange county. Loverd Eldridge, Johnston county.

Claudius B. Sanders, do De Brutz Cutlar, New Hanover county. John L. Wooster, do. A. J. Rogers, Warren county. L. R. Waddell, Chatham county. W. G. Granbury, Pasquotank. John W. Hayes, Granville county. Julius Guion, Wake county. Robert H. Sandford, Cumberland,

Andrew G. Baskin, Rowan County.

Malachi Haughton, Chowan county.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE! The Atlantic, which arrived at New York on the

18th, brings important news. Several sanguinary conflicts had taken place before Sevastopol, between the allies and the Russians, to the serious loss of the latter. The French gained an important position, and retained it, before Sevastopol, the Russians retreating from that point nearer to the City. Eight thousand were killed and wounded, mostly with the bayonet. The allies are masters of the sea of Azoff.

The commercial news is also important. Cotton has advanced half-penny, and market much excited. Sales of the week 150,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull.

"THE AMERICAN ADVOCATE.-We have received the first number of a paper with this title, published at Kinston, Lenoir, by Walter Dunn, Esq. It is neatly printed, and its Editorials well written. It is Know Nothing, of course, and will live three or six months, and no longer, unless sustained by Mr. Dunn's own private means. We regret to see Mr. Dunn striking out in so bad a cause. By the-way, we observe he publishes a letter purporting to have been written by Gen. Washington to Gouverner Morris, dated White Plains, 24th July, 1778. We deny that Gen. Washington ever wrote such a letter, and call on Mr. Dunn for the proof.

MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

The Club was called to order by the chairman, Mr. Bledsoe. Mr. Q. Busbee then rose, and made a few renarks in his happiest manner, and, in behalf of the Committee, made the following report; which was unanimously adopted:

"Your Committee, to whom was referred the subject of organizing in this City and County, a more complete and permanent opposition to the secret society known, as the Know Nothing party, beg leave

In the opinion of your Committee frequent and

public discussion, is the best and most efficient means of diffusing knowledge and light upon, and of properly explaining those subjects, which, at the time agitate public attention; and by such frequent discussion before the people, we are confident that the principles we believe to be absolutely essential to the safety of the South and to the Union, will be adopted as their platform by a large majority of the freemen, not only of North Carolina, but of every Southern state, and that thereby we shall obtain in the approaching election, a signal and complete triumph over the irresponsible and oath-bound secret order of Know Nothingism; which ism, originating as it did for a local purpose, in the most corrupt city in the Union, and adopted by designing politicians of the North, for the purpose of withdrawing the attention of Southern men from the only real and important issue now before the country—the slavery agitation-and used by the North for the purpose of arraying Southern men against each other upon issues of little importance in the administration of the general Government, we believe to be full of danger to the South and to the Union of the States. Dangerous, on account of its secrecy, its religious proscription and its unconstitutionality, and in open war do every Southern interest, on account of its unnatural affiliation, the extent of which the members of the order in our midst dare not avow, with such men as Wilson and Hale and other abolitionists, whose political existence depends upon their fanatical opposition to Southern institutions.

It becomes, then, necessary for all good and true men, who are opposed to religious bigotry and intolerance, who love the South and who desire to protect Southern interests and the rights of the States as guaranteed by the Constitution, from this secret and dangerous assault upon their liberties and rights, to join together in the open, avowed and concerted opposition to an order, made up, as it is, in the Northern States, by fusing all the detestable isms, hostile to the Union and to the South, and in the South, composed of disappointed politicians and men whom the people never honored with their confidence, and whose ambition and hatred to Democratic principles would lead them to blindly sacrifice

the rights and interests of their constituents. For the purpose of more fully and freely discussing the issues made in the present canvass before the people, and of a more concerted opposition to Know Nothingism here, and to its confederates North, the Committee fully concur in the importance of establishing a Club, composed of the true and tried Democrats of this City and County, together with all patriotic freemen who are opposed to the suspicious midnight concern, and who refuse to swear their freedom of suffrage away; and the more fully to carry out the designs of such an orgaization, the Committee recommend the follwing officers, to-wit:

M. A. BLEDSOE, President.

A. M. LEWIS, WILSON W. WHITAKER, Vice Presidents. JNO. Q. DECAMPEDER. A. K. CLEMENTS.

ALEX. DEG. TUMBRO, Secretaries. ED. G. HAYWOOD. JORDAN WOMBLE, Jos. K. MARRIOTT. Executive Committee.

JAS. D. NEWSOM, FRANK. I. WILSON, WM. H. JONES.

And as the issues now before the people are such as not only affect the next Congressional election, but will necessarily enter into all subsequent elections until the order of Know Nothingism is driven back to its proper home among the abolitionists of the North, your Committee recommend that the above officers be elected for twelve months, and that the President, (or in case of his absence, one of the Vice Presidents) together with the Executive Committee, have authority to call meetings of the Democracy, and of the friends of Democracy whenever, in their opinion, it is important to do so.

Respectfully submitted, Q. Busbee, Committee. W. W. HOLDEN,

JOHN C. PARTRIDGE. After the reading of the above report, Mr. Busbee entertained the meeting in an eloquent manner. He alluded to the origin of Know Nothingism and its first movers in a patriotic manner.

Mr. Bledsoe then rose and tendered his thanks for the honor conferred upon him by selecting him President of the Club, in a neat and appropriate manner. Mr. Bledsoe showed, to the satisfaction of all present, the unconstitutional principles of the

On motion of Frank I. Wilson, the chairman was requested to appoint a Vigilance Committee of three in each Captain's District in the county, and as many in the city as they may think proper and the same to act with the President and Executive Committee.

Mr. Busbee then made a few remarks concerning enlightening the people of the District on Know Nothingism, and concluded by moving that the speech delivered by the Hon. Kenneth Rayner in the Convention of 1835, on religious toleration, with the letters of the Hon. John Kerr, and Hon. A. H. Stephens, and also the "bill for the relief of the people," be printed and circulated throughout the District, which was carried.

Calls were then made for Frank I. Wilson, who arose and excused himself with a few good humored J. Q. DeCarteret was then called upon, who arose

ard stated that he was not prepared to make a speech to the club, but stated that he would use all his exertions to secure the triumph of the Democratic On motion of Mr. Busbee, the Club adjourned to

meet again on Tuesday night next, the 20th inst. M. A. BLEDSOE, Pres't. ALEX. DEG. TUMBRO.) Secretaries.

GEO. T. COOKE,

THE KNOW NOTHING NATIONAL CHAPLAIN .-Guess, if you can, reader, who the Know Nothing Convention at Philadelphia has elected as national Chaplain-a Baptist, a Methodist, a Presbyterian, an Episcopalian, a Congregationalist? None of these, but a Universalist!—that is, a Chaplain who holds that all souls will be saved-that the robber nd murderer will enter Heaven step by step with the humblest Christian! Surely, this is a very convenient, and, in one respect, sensible movement on the part of the dark-lanterns; for their Chaplain, so far as mere preaching is concerned, will save them all in the next world, no matter what they may do or omit to do in this. Still we think that consistency required them to elect a Mormon Chaplain, since that is the only native religion-all others, Protestant and Catholic, being of "foreign" ori-

RIDICULOUS.—The Sentinel, Elizabeth City, brings out its cannon over the account of the discussion at that place between Dr. Shaw and Mr. John Pool. It is quite evident, from the Sentinel's own account, that Dr. Shaw demolished Mr. Pool. The idea of Mr. Pool vanquishing Dr. Shaw in debate! Verily, the dark-lanterns would have the people believe that their great men are as plentiful as blackberries in July.

From the Boston Post. KNOW NOTHING MELODY. Dedicated to the Massachusetts Know Nothing Legislature
—but more particularly to the committee appointed to
visit the Catholic School of Roxbury.]

We've just dropped in to see you all, And find out how you do, Old Massachusetts sent us here
To search vour convent through.
The State in all her wisdom has
Picked out her wiest men,
To hunt up all such shops as this,
And find out what we can.

What's this that hangs upon your neck?
My! what a pretty face!

Can't we contrive a way for you To leave this awful place? How often do the boys come in To see you? and do you— Get punished nearly unto death For every thing you do?

What's in this closet hid away? And underneath this sin.?
Is this the chapel where you pray?
Nay, lady, do not shrink! "Not make a noise within these walls!" Would you our motives foil? Ha'n't we a right to curse and swear

On this our native soil? Look out, old abbess, how you tell
And here behind the scenes
One lies upon a bed of pain—
"Tell that to the marines!"

Here, comrades, open every door, And hear to no complaint, Thurst in your heads and see if 'tis A feint, and not a faint. Where are the secret traps you have To hide away your sins? You know we've heard of all of these-

None of your papal grins!
'Tis better that you trifle not
With Massachusetts State; We have the power within our grasp

To have you banished straight But we must to our dinner haste, And some of us are dry, 'Tis true we went the liquor law,

But take some on the sly, We have not time to longer stay, But even now must start;

Don't feel too well to see us go Nor Hiss when we depart.

The Hon. Asa Biggs is in the City, in attendance on the Supreme Court. We observe also here, of the legal profession, Mr. Smith of Hertford, Gen. Singeltary of Pitt, and Mr. Winston of Bertie.

Col. Braxton Bragg.-This gallant and distinguished officer is at present in the City, on a visit to his brother, Gov. Bragg.

Poor Prentice, of the Louisville Journal, is a whig know nothing, rejoicing in all the k. n. successes, and defending all their iniquities and obliquities. In 1852 he was as severe as he could be upon the religious test in the constitution of New Hampshire. and persisted in holding Woodbury, Pierce and the democracy responsible for retaining it, although both Pierce and Woodbury spoke against the test in the constitutional convention, and they and other prominent democrats did all they could do to have it stricken out. Now the Louisville Democrat is driving Prentice into fits of rage by quoting what he said in 1852 against his present proscriptive course. It is pitiable, as well as laughable, to see him writhe, twist and wriggle under the infliction.

What's up?—The Carolina Watchman still keeps the Guion hag hying. It is evident that the nomination of Col. Stowe does not meet with entire approbation in the Know Nothing ranks, and we shall not be surpreed to see an effort made to crowd him

Apropos to this, we understand that Jas. A. Caldwell Esq. will be out for Craige, in preference to a

There is trouble in the camp evidently, and the 3d, or Union, degree is needed for home consump-Lincoln Express.

FIFTEEN YEARS Ago!-Verses from a Log Cabin

" Cold water may do for the locos, Or a little vinegar stew; But give us hard cider and whisky, And a cheer for Old Tippecanoe.

Here's to our fathers and mothers, So down with the loco usurpers And up with Old Tippecanoe."

Verily, times change, and people with them.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS .- The legislature of Wisconsin has recently passed a law relative to the rights of

married woman. It is as follows: "Any married woman whose husband, either from drunkenness, profligacy or from any other cause, shall neglect or refuse to provide for her support, or for the support and education of her children, shall have the right in her own name to transact business. and to receive and collect her own earnings, and the earnings of her minor children, and apply the same for her own support and the support and education of such children, free from the interference of her husband, or any person claiming the same or claim-

Revolutionary Outbreak in Mexico.

ing to be released from the same by or through her

husband."

New Orleans, June, 8, 1855.—By the arrival of the Corpus Christi we have intelligence of an outbreak in Lanpassas, in consequence of the arrival of an emissary of Santa Anna, with orders to arrest some of the leading citizens of the place. The whole country is in arms. An attempt had been made to take Monterey. The Governor of Nueva Leon had

Information reached Matamoras of the pronunciamento, of San Potosi, and on the 12th troops were preparing to leave that place to quell the insurrec-

Chihuahua is also reported to be on the eve of a revolution.

New Hampshire Legislature.

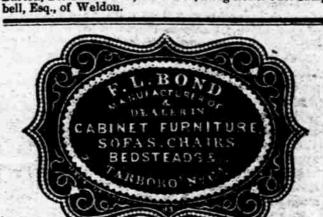
CONCORD, June 13 .- The caucus nominated last night James Bell as Senator for the long term and J. P. Hale for the short term. The election takes place this afternoon.

Northern Markets. New York, June 13 .- Cotton market very much excited, and unsettled. Flour declined from 12 to 25 cents under steamer's news. Southern steady at yesterday's rates. Wheat and corn a trifle lower. Provisions firm. Whiskey dull.

MARRIED. On Tuesday Evening, 7th June, by the Rev. Rob't. O Burton, Dr. T. B. Davis, to Eva. F., Daughter of Jno. Camp

Sixes 100! Missouris' 95.

Stocks active and better. Money plenty. Virginia



BANK OF THE STATE OF N. C.—THE GENberal Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be
held at the Banking House in Raleigh, on the first Monday
of July next. As the question of the acceptance of the Charter granted by the last Legislature will then be considered,
a punctual attendance either in person or by proxy is earnestly requested.

C. DEWEY, Outlier.
Raleigh, May 14, 1865.